

Pre-Demolition Environmental Inspection Summary Report Prepared For:

City of Royal Oak Township 18-023-149

Parcel Number:	2533360002	Inspected By:		
Property Address:	20868 Parkside Blvd.	J Wilhelmi		
	Ferndale, MI 48220	September 25, 2018		



STRUCTURE IN GOOD CONDITION	CATEGORY 1 & 2 FRIABLE ACM PRESENT			
COMPLETE BUILDING ACCESS	TIRES NOT PRESENT			

BUILDING DATA 20868 Parkside Blvd. Ferndale, MI 48220



Number Of Stories	2 + Basement	Basement Walls	No Paint, Staining or Mastic
Year Built	Unknown	Basement Floors	No Paint, Staining or Mastic
Footprint Dimensions	20x30	Garage Walls	No Paint, Staining or Mastic
Square Footage	2,270	Garage Floors	No Paint, Staining or Mastic
Siding	Vinyl/Transite	Secured	Yes
Color	White	Occupied	No
Roof Material	Shingle		
Electric Service	No		
Gas Service	No		

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF ACM

20868 Parkside Blvd. Ferndale, MI 48220



НА		MPLE MBERS	DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION LOCATION(S)		APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES	ACM	CAT	%
HA8	T	1A-B	Transite	FS	Exterior	~1,500 SF	Chrysotile	CAT 2 NF	15 %
HA9	DI	1A-C	Duct Insulation	FS	9	~12 SF	Chrysotile	CAT 1	<i>50</i> %
HA1	FT	1A-B	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	2, 3, 8	~500 SF	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
HA2	FT	2A-B	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	7	~70 SF	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
НА3	DW	1A-B	Drywall	FS	18	~4,000 SF	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
HA4	М	1A-B	Mortar	FS	Exterior	~600 SF	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
HA5	WG	1A-G	Window Glaze	FS	9; Exterior	~3 SF; ~12 Windows	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
HA6	R	1A-B	Roofing	FS	Exterior	~1,200 SF	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
НА7	S	1A-B	Siding Shingles	FS	Exterior	~1,500 SF	NAD	CAT 2 NF	
HA10	PL	1A-C	Plaster	FS	1, 2	~900 SF	NAD	CAT 1	
HA11									

Lead-Based Paint (LBP) should be assumed to be present on the site and is a hazardous substance. Its condition by federal, state, and local agencies. LBP generally does not pose a health threat unless particles are disturbed ingested. Contractors and their employers that will be disturbing the building during demolition should follow OSHA Lead in Construction Standard.



Further testing may be required of other regulated materials and/or debris generated from demolition activities to determine whether the other regulated materials and/or debris should be disposed as hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) in accordance with 40-CFR Part 261 Subpart C.







20868 Parkside Blvd. Ferndale, MI 48220



SAMPLE ID		DESCRIPTION	ON SAMPLE LOCATION		НА	ACM	% MiOSHA CLASS		DEQ CATEGORY	
FT	1A	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	3	HA1	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
FT	1B	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	3	HA1	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
FT	2A	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	7	HA2	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
FT	2B	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	7	HA2	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
DW	1A	Drywall	FS	1	НА3	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
DW	1B	Drywall	FS	2	НА3	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
М	1A	Mortar	FS	Exterior	HA4	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
М	1B	Mortar	FS	Exterior	HA4	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
WG	1A	Window Glaze	FS	9	HA5	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
WG	1B	Window Glaze	FS	Exterior	HA5	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
R	1A	Roofing	FS	Exterior	HA6	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
R	1B	Roofing	FS	Exterior	НА6	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
S	1A	Siding Shingles	FS	Exterior	HA7	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
S	1B	Siding Shingles	FS	Exterior	HA7	NAD		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
т	1A	Transite	FS	Exterior	HA8	Chrysotile	15 %	CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
т	1B	Transite	FS	Exterior	HA8	NOT ANALYZED		CLASS 2 NON FRI	CAT 2 NON FRI	
DI	1A	Duct Insulation	FS	9	НА9	Chrysotile	50 %	CLASS 1 FRI	FRIABLE	
DI	1B	Duct Insulation	FS	9	на9	NOT ANALYZED		CLASS 1 FRI	FRIABLE	
DI	1C	Duct Insulation	FS	9	на9	NOT ANALYZED		CLASS 1 FRI	FRIABLE	
PL	1A	Plaster	FS	2	HA10	NAD		CLASS 1 FRI	FRIABLE	
PL	1B	Plaster	FS	1	HA10	NAD		CLASS 1 FRI	FRIABLE	
PL	1C	Plaster	FS	2	HA10	NAD		CLASS 1 FRI	FRIABLE	









Key: F = Friable; NF = Non-friable; FS = Functional Space; HA = Homogeneous Area, NAD = No Asbestos Detected;
SF = Square Feet; LF = Linear Feet; CF = Cubic Feet; MF = Mud Fittings; Classification: SM = Surfacing Material; TSI = Thermal System Insulation; MM = Miscellaneous Material; EPA Material Categories: FR = Friable Regulated;
C2 = Category II Non-friable; C1 = Category I Non-friable; NE = Not Estimated

NOTE: *Results listed in this report reflect the site conditions encountered at the time of the inspection. JACX Group, LLC make no warrentee, express or implied that conditions encountered during demolition or abatement will be the same. ** Care was taken to access, inspect, and sample all suspect materials encountered on the site. If undiscovered material is encountered it is the responsibility of the contractor to contact JACX Group, LLC for further testing and quantification.

***For supplemental testing please contact JACX Group, LLC. Composites and Point

Counts taken by a demolition contractor, abatement contractor, or building inspector renders this Pre Demolition Survey VOID for use as an OSHA/NESHAP document for the purposes of demolition or abatement.









- 1 DRAWINGS
- **2 LABORATORY DATA**
- **3 REGULATORY INFORMATION**
- **4 SAMPLING METHODS**



EXPLICATION OF REPORT AMOUNT ARRANGED IN A CASE OF PARTICULAR AND A CASE OF A CASE OF





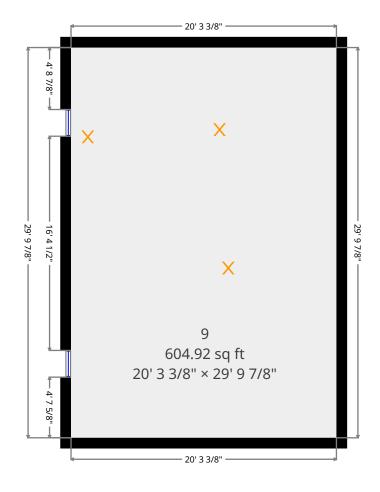


John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

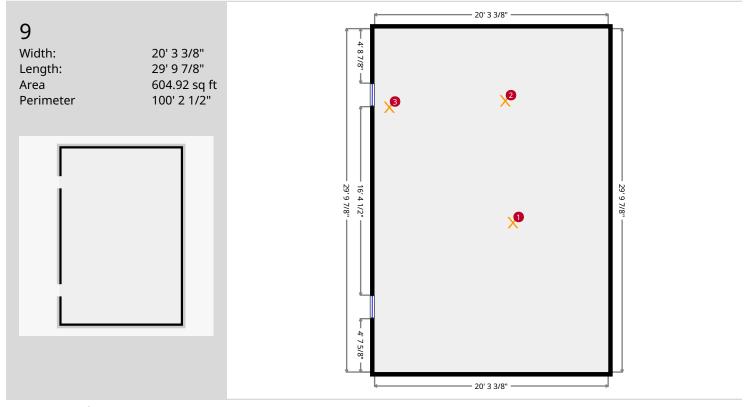


Basement



8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220







20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197





SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE







SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE







SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE wg1a

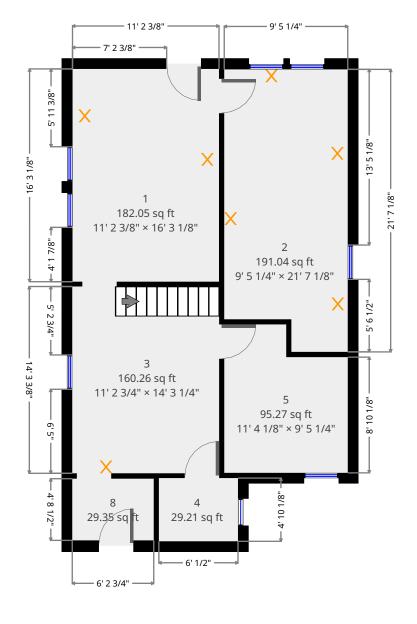


8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

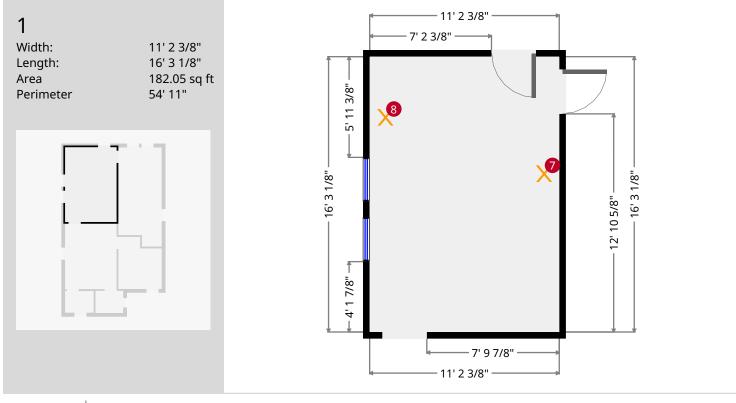


Ground Floor



20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197







20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197





SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE







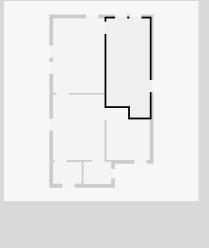
SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE

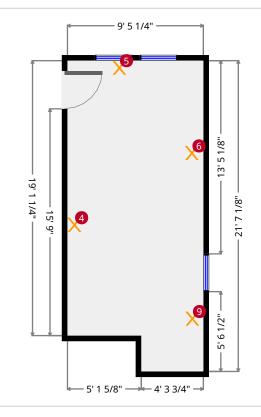


20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197











20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197





SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE

dw1k







SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE







SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE

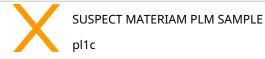
pl1a



20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

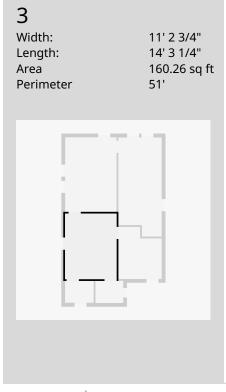


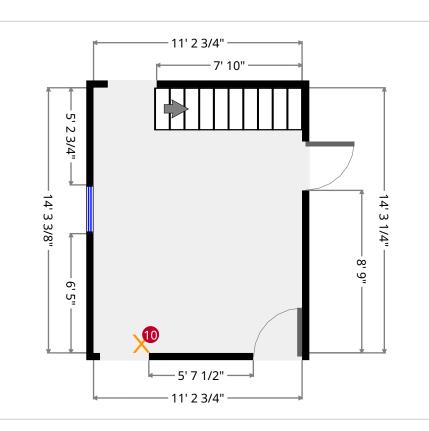




20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197





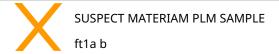




20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

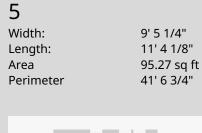


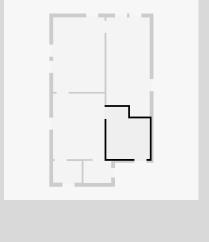


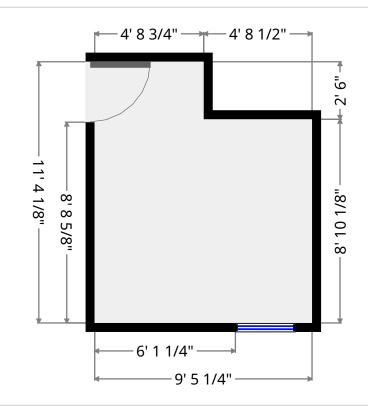


20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197





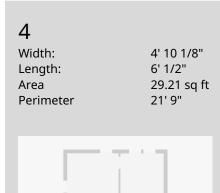


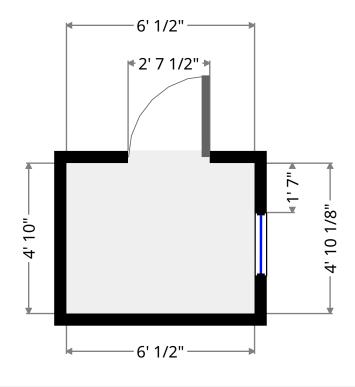




20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197



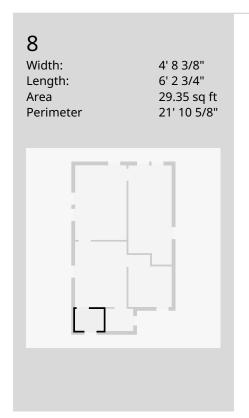


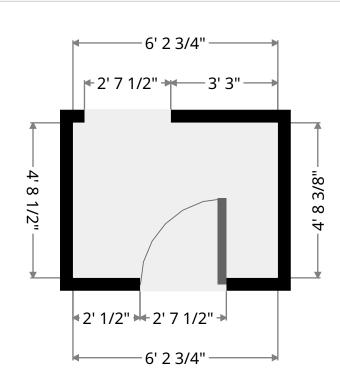




jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220





John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

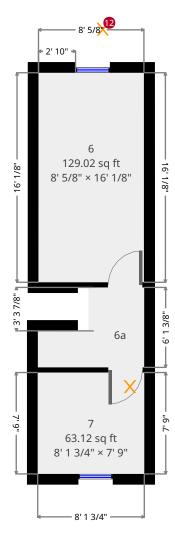


Statistics

Area: 1807 sq ft 3 Floors 3 Bedrooms 2 Bathrooms



2nd Floor



John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220



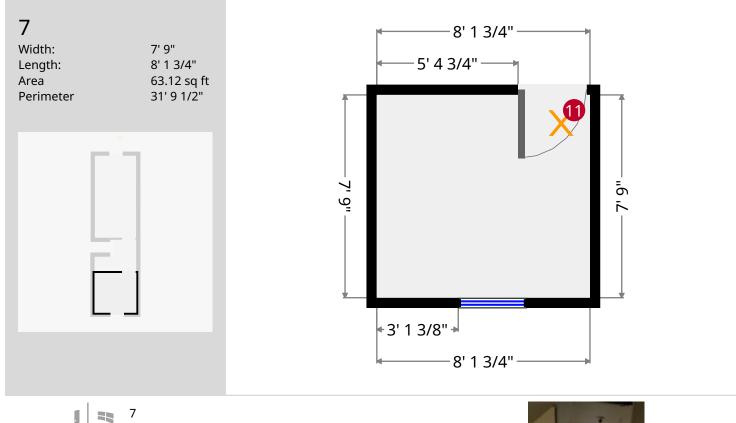


SUSPECT MATERIAM PLM SAMPLE

r1a b r1a b

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197

20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220



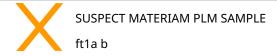




20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

John Wilhelmi jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197



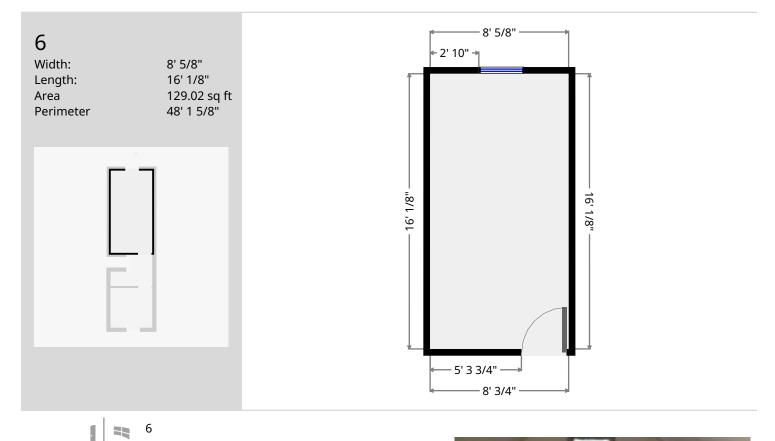




8103369197

12'

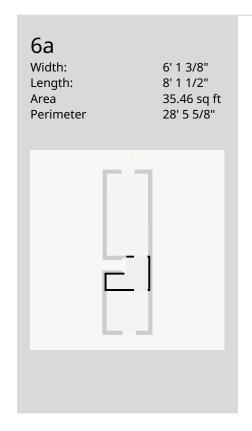
20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

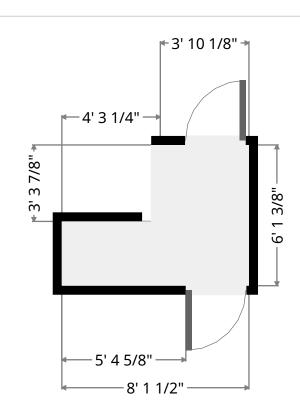




20868 Parkside Blvd, Ferndale, MI 48220, USA, Ferndale, Michigan, United States 48220

jwilhelmi.enviro@gmail.com 8103369197





Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: **NO**

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 01

Cust. #: FT 1A

Material: Floor Tile Location: FS 3

Appearance: brown,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 01a

Cust. #:

FT 1A

Material:

Mastic Location: FS 3

Appearance: clear,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 2

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 01b

Cust. #:

FT 1A

Material: Floor Tile

Location: FS 3

Appearance: beige,nonfibrous,homogenous

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Layer:

of

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected:

09/25/18

Date Received: Date Analyzed: 09/26/18

Date Reported:

10/01/18 10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 01c

Cust. #: FT 1A

Material: Mastic Location: FS 3

Appearance: clear,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 01d

Cust. #:

FT 1A

Material:

Floor Tile

Location: FS 3

Appearance: grey,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 5

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 01e

Cust. #:

FT 1A

Material:

Location: FS 3

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

Other - 100%

Asbestos Present: NO No Asbestos Observed

Other - 100%

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

Mastic

Appearance: clear,nonfibrous,homogenous

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Layer: 6

of

Other - 100%

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Received: Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 02

Cust. #: FT 1B

Material: Floor Tile Location: FS 3

Appearance: brown,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 02a

Cust. #:

FT 1B

Material:

Mastic

Location: FS 3

Appearance: clear,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 2

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 02b

Cust. #:

FT_{1B}

Material: Floor Tile

Location: FS 3

Appearance: beige,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer:

of

Asbestos Present: **NO**

No Asbestos Observed

Other - 100%

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Received: Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 02c

Cust. #: FT 1B

Material: Mastic Location: FS 3

Appearance: clear,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 03

Cust. #:

FT 2A

Material:

Floor Tile

Location: FS 7

Appearance: white,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 1

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 03a

Cust. #:

FT 2A

Material: Mastic

Location: FS 7

Appearance: yellow,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 2 of

Asbestos Present: **NO**

No Asbestos Observed

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

Other - 100%

Asbestos Present: NO No Asbestos Observed

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 04

Cust. #: FT 2B

Material: Floor Tile Location: FS 7

Appearance: white, nonfibrous, homogenous

Layer:

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 04a

Cust. #:

FT 2B

Material:

Mastic

Location: FS 7

Appearance: yellow,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 2 of

Lab ID #:

Cust. #:

Location: FS 1

of

Asbestos Present: NO

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

Cellulose - 20%

Other - 80%

No Asbestos Observed

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

79897 - 05

DW 1A

Material: Drywall

Appearance: beige, fibrous, nonhomogenous

Layer: 1

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

Other - 100%

Cellulose - 20%

Other - 80%

Other - 100%

10/01/18

Date Reported:

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 05a

Cust. #:

DW 1A

Material:

Joint Compound

Location: FS 1

Appearance: white, nonfibrous, homogenous

Layer:

of

79897 - 06

Lab ID #: Cust. #:

DW 1B Drywall

Material: Location: FS 2

Appearance: beige, fibrous, nonhomogenous

Layer: 1

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 06a

Cust. #:

DW 1B

Material:

Joint Compound

Location: FS 2

Appearance: white, nonfibrous, homogenous

Layer:

2 of

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed: Date Reported:

10/01/18 10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: **NO**

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #: 79897 - 07

M 1A

Cust. #: Material: Mortar Location: Exterior

Appearance: grey,nonfibrous,homogenous of

Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 08

Cust. #: M 1B

Mortar Material: Location: Exterior

Appearance: grey,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 1

of

Lab ID #: 79897 - 09

WG 1A Cust. #:

Window Glaze Material:

Location: FS 9

Appearance: beige,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 1

of

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

Other - 100%

Fiberglass - 15%

Fiberglass - 15%

Other - 85%

Other - 85%

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 10

Cust. #:

WG 1B

Material:

Window Glaze

Location: Exterior

Appearance: beige, nonfibrous, homogenous

Layer:

of

79897 - 11

Lab ID #: Cust. #:

R₁A

Material:

Roofing

Location: Exterior

Appearance: black, fibrous, homogenous

Layer:

of

Lab ID #:

79897 - 12

Cust. #: Material: R 1B

Roofing

Location: Exterior

Appearance: black, fibrous, homogenous

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Layer:

of

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

Cellulose - 60%

Cellulose - 60%

Other - 40%

Other - 85%

Other - 40%

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: **NO**

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: **YES**

Chrysotile - 15%

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 13

Cust. #:

S 1A

Material:

Siding Shingles

Location: Exterior

Appearance: black, fibrous, nonhomogenous

Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 14

Cust. #:

S 1B

Material:

Siding Shingles

Location: Exterior

Appearance: black, fibrous, nonhomogenous

of Layer:

Lab ID #: 79897 - 15

Cust. #:

T 1A

Material: Transite

Location: Exterior

Appearance: grey,fibrous,homogenous

Layer: 1

of

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



10/03/18

Project : 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To: Mr. John Wilhelmi Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. ARI Report # 18-79897

Date Collected: 09/25/18

Date Received: 09/26/18

Date Analyzed: 10/01/18

Date Reported:

Sample Information

Grand Blanc, MI 48439

Asbestos Type/Percent

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #: 79897 - 16

Cust. #: T 1B Material: Transite Location: Exterior

NOT ANALYZED

Appearance: Layer:

Lab ID #:

79897 - 17

Cust. #: DI 1A

Material: Duct Insulation

of

Location: FS 9

Appearance: beige, fibrous, homogenous

Layer: 1

Lab ID #: 79897 - 18

Cust. #: DI 1B

Material: Duct Insulation

Location: FS 9

Appearance:

Layer:

of

Asbestos Present:

Asbestos Present: YES

Chrysotile - 50%

Cellulose - 25%

Other - 25%

Asbestos Present:

No Asbestos Observed

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director



Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #:

79897 - 19

Cust. #: DI₁C

Material:

Duct Insulation

Location:

FS 9

Asbestos Present:

No Asbestos Observed

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

Appearance:

Layer: of

79897 - 20 Lab ID #:

Cust. #: PL 1A

Material: Texture Location: FS 2

Appearance: white,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 1 of

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

Cellulose - 5% Other - 95%

Other - 100%

Lab ID #: Cust. #:

PL 1A

79897 - 20a

Plaster Base Coat Material:

Location: FS 2

Appearance: grey,fibrous,homogenous

Layer: 2 of

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director



Certificate of Laboratory Analysis

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project: 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439

ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected: Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed: Date Reported:

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

10/01/18 10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: **NO**

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #: 79897 - 21

Cust. #: PL 1B

Material: Texture Location: FS 1

Appearance: white, nonfibrous, homogenous

Layer: of

79897 - 21a Lab ID #:

Cust. #: PL 1B

Material: Plaster Finish Coat

Location: FS 1

Appearance: white,nonfibrous,homogenous

of Layer: 2

Asbestos Present: NO

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Cellulose - 5% Other - 95%

Lab ID #:

Cust. #:

PL 1B

79897 - 21b

Plaster Base Coat Material:

Location: FS 1

Appearance: grey,fibrous,homogenous

Layer: 3 of

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method EPA 600/R-93/116 was used to analyze the above samples. Matrix interference and/or resolution limits may yield false/negative results in certain circumstances. Suspect floor tiles containing <1% should be tested with SEM or TEM. This certificate of analysis relates only to the samples tested and to insure the integrity of the results, may only be reproduced in full. This certificate must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the US Government. APEX Research Inc. is not responsible for the accuracy of the results for layered samples or samples comprising multiple materials. Liability limited to cost of analysis.

Certificate of Laboratory Analysis

Test Method, Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)



Project : 20868 Parkside Blvd. Project #:18-023-149

Report To:

Mr. John Wilhelmi

Central Industrial Asbestos 10156 Aberdeen Dr. Grand Blanc, MI 48439 ARI Report #

18-79897

Date Collected:
Date Received:

09/25/18 09/26/18

Date Analyzed:

10/01/18

Date Reported:

Other - 100%

Other - 100%

10/03/18

Sample Information

Asbestos Type/Percent

Asbestos Present: **NO**

Asbestos Present: NO

No Asbestos Observed

No Asbestos Observed

Non-Asbestos Material

Lab ID #: 79897 - 22

Cust. #: PL 1C Material: Texture

Location: FS 2

Appearance: white, nonfibrous, homogenous

Layer: 1 of

79897 - 22a

Cust. #: PL 1C

Lab ID #:

Material: Plaster Finish Coat

Location: FS 2

Appearance: white,nonfibrous,homogenous

Layer: 2 of 3

Asbestos Present: **NO**

No Asbestos Observed

Cellulose - 5% Other - 95%

Material: Plaster Base Coat

Lab ID #:

Cust. #:

Location: FS 2

Appearance: grey,fibrous,homogenous

79897 - 22b

PL₁C

Layer: 3 of 3

For Layered Samples, each component will be analyzed and reported separately.

Robert T. Letarte Jr., Laboratory Director

Test Method EPA 600/R-93/116 was used to analyze the above samples. Matrix interference and/or resolution limits may yield false/negative results in certain circumstances. Suspect floor tiles containing <1% should be tested with SEM or TEM. This certificate of analysis relates only to the samples tested and to insure the integrity of the results, may only be reproduced in full. This certificate must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the US Government. APEX Research Inc. is not responsible for the accuracy of the results for layered samples or samples comprising multiple materials. Liability limited to cost of analysis.

Phone: Fax: Email: JWilhelmi.enviro@						hn Wilhelmi viro@gmail.com k Point Count	Wilhelmi o@gmail.com ent Count Paint Paint Report: Fax: Verbal: Email: Sign	
Lab ID	Customer ID#	Material		Location	Volume	Homogenous Area	Resi	ults
1.1	FT 1A	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS			HA1		
- 2	FT 18	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS			HA1		
3	FT 2A	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS			HA2		
14	FT 28	Floor Tile/Mastic	FS	7		HA2		
5	DW 1A	Drywall	FS			HA3		
6	DW 18	Drywall	FS	2		HA3		
7	M 1A	Mortar	_	Exterior		HM		
- 6	M-18	Mortar.		Exterior		HA4		
4	WG IA	Window Glaze	FS	9		HAS		
	WG 18	Window Glaze	FS	Exterior		HA5		
10		Roofing	FS	Exterior		HA6		
10	R 1A	hooning	1.0					
	R 1A R 18	Roofing	FS	Exterior		HA6		
Ŋ	The second secon	The state of the s	_	Exterior		HA7		
Ч	R 18	Roofing	FS	Exterior		The second secon		

APEX HERE MAINS

		54 Hi Tech Drive, Whitmor	it covers	Committee of the Commit	Contract to the last to the la	(1/24) 443 - 3337 M	
	AL OAK TOWNSHIP			Date of Survey: 9/25/18			Lab Use On
Sustomer	Name: Joh	n Wilhelmi		Project: 2086	8 Parkside	Blvd.	Log-le:
ddress:				Project: 18-023-149			Report:
ity, St. Z	io:			Contact Person	Fax:		
Phone: Fax:					n Verbal:		
um Aroun	d Times: (Circle Che	and Indicate type attain-		Email: J	ves on the other sic	fe.	email:
ush 8 hour	- 64 B			Bulk X W	ipe	Point Count	PLM
		TES Moid:	II Otto	Holk A	r/ceton/Alerge	ncoLE	Pant Son Iape
op all planter s	mahois on first	TRA- IEM:		BUIK W BUIK W BUIK A BUIK/NUB	NRUSH 740	EPA I	evel II Uner
sitive layer		The same of the sa	_	(252X P2.6) L			
Lab ID	Customer ID #	Material		Location	Volume	Homogenous	Results
16	7.18	Transite	reie.	Exterior		Area	
17		Duct Insulation	FS FS	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	-	HAS	
15	01 1A 01 18		FS		-	HA9	
-		Duct Insulation		Transfer of the Control of the Contr	_	HA9	
19	DI 1C	Duct insulation Plaster	FS.		_	HAB	
- 20	PL 1A	WHICH SHALL			_	HA10	
- 2V	PL 18	Plaster	FS		_	HA10	
30	PL 1C	Plaster 0	FS	i designation and the second second	_	HA10	
	0.0	0	FS		+	0	
		0	_	Section 1997	-	0	
	0.0	0	FS		+ -	0	
	0.0	0	F5	Section 1997	+	0	
	0.0	0	FS				
	0.0	0			-	0	
	0.0	0	FS FS		_	0	
	0.0		100	ES.		0	

SEP 2 6 700

Revision 83 Date: October[1615]

APEX RESEARC!



INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE ASBESTOS NOTIFICATION SYSTEM (ANS)

Register your business. You will need to register the business using the business <u>owner</u> information. **Once you register you will receive a confirmation email that you must click on to confirm registration.** After registration is confirmed you can log into the Asbestos Notification System.

Once you are able to log into the site, you will see several tabs - Workspace, Notification Management, Notification, Profile and Manage Delegated Authority.

The **Manage Delegated Authority** allows you to add additional users to the system. You can add multiple delegated users to enter notifications for your business.

The Profile Tab allows you to update your business information or change your password

The **Workspace Tab** is where you begin your notification entry. Start your notification by clicking the button that looks like on the right side of the screen. You can also click on the **Notification Tab** to start a new notification.

Once you are under the **Notification Tab**, you must fill in all of the required information. If there is an exclamation point (!) on any tab, information is missing or incorrect and you **will not** be able to submit your notification.

Notifications that are <u>saved</u> for further editing and are <u>not submitted</u> can be found under the **Workspace Tab.** You can revise your notification by clicking on the tab.

Once you <u>submit</u> your notification, it will be <u>saved</u> under the <u>Notification Management Tab</u>. Under the Actions header, you can view attachments, copy, revise and cancel your notifications. You can sort by clicking the headers, and export information to Excel. You can click on the document number to print or save it.

The delete button is for housekeeping purposes only. REMEMBER – if you delete a notification you are also deleting all notifications associated with it and will not be able to edit them once they are deleted.

You must submit your Demolition and Renovation notifications separate and mark the appropriate project type!

- The ANS currently supports the following browsers:
 - Internet Explorer 10 & 11.
 Note: In IE the ANS is presently experiencing issues when generating the PDF and Excel spreadsheet. You must select the option to Always Allow pop-ups for "*.state.mi.us" in order for these features to work.
 - o Firefox 25 and above
 - o Chrome
 - Safari

If you have questions pertaining to the new system, please contact Kim Dohm at 517-284-6777 or dohmk@michigan.gov.



Fact Sheet

The Clean Air Act (CAA) requires the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) to develop and enforce regulations to protect the general public from exposure to airborne contaminants that are known to be hazardous to human health. The U.S. EPA established the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) under the authority of Section 112 of the CAA, and asbestos was one of the first hazardous air pollutants regulated. The Asbestos NESHAP was promulgated on April 6, 1973, and it was revised in 1990.

Asbestos was widely used in buildings for fireproofing, thermal and acoustical insulation, condensation control, and decoration. It was sprayed on beams and ceilings, used to cover piping and boilers, and sprayed onto ducts. Asbestos was used extensively until the 1970s when U.S. EPA banned certain applications.

The Asbestos NESHAP protects the public by minimizing the release of asbestos fibers during renovation and demolition activities. Accordingly, this regulation specifies work practices to be followed for demolitions and renovations of all structures, installations, and buildings. Privately owned residential dwellings or apartments that are demolished for urban renewal or as part of a public or commercial project would be covered under the NESHAP regulations. Residential dwellings containing four units or less under private control or ownership would not be subject to the NESHAP. In addition, the Asbestos NESHAP contains notification requirements for the owner of the building and/or the contractor. Both the owner and contractor(s) are liable for compliance with the Asbestos NESHAP requirements.

The purpose of this publication is to describe who is subject to the Asbestos NESHAP and to explain the requirements of this standard. A brief glossary is provided at the end of this document to assist in understanding some of the terms (appearing in **boldface** text) discussed in this fact sheet. This fact sheet is to be used only as a guide and is not a substitute for reading and understanding the final rule which is found in Title 40, Part 61, Subpart M of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR Part 61). For a copy of the final rule, see the "Where To Get Additional Information" section on page 10.

WHAT AGENCIES REGULATE ASBESTOS?

There are three state agencies in Michigan that regulate **asbestos**: the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs (DLARA) and the Michigan Department of State Police (MSP). The DEQ is concerned about the release of asbestos fibers to the outer air and proper waste disposal, while DLARA focuses on worker protection during renovation and demolition activities, contractor licensing, and worker training.

• Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ)

The U.S. EPA has delegated the Air Quality Division (AQD) of the DEQ with the authority to enforce the Asbestos NESHAP in Michigan. In addition, the state of Michigan has adopted the federal regulations into the Michigan Administrative Code (MAC), 1995 AACS R 336.1942 (Rule 942), which is in effect as of November 30, 2000 and revised September 11, 2008. A violation of the federal asbestos regulations is also a violation of the MAC. The AQD administers the asbestos NESHAP for the entire state: reviewing the notifications, inspecting demolitions and asbestos removals, and initiation enforcement actions when violations occur. Approximately 7000

notifications are received each year by this agency and are reviewed for completeness and timeliness. Inspections are made based on contractor history, areas of the state, and type of project. Inspections are also performed in response to complaints. The U.S. EPA can and does conduct independent inspections of NESHAP projects.

The Waste Management Division of the DEQ regulates disposal of asbestos.

Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs (DLARA)

The Occupational Health Division of DLARA implements the Asbestos Abatement Contractors Licensing Act, the Michigan Occupational Safety and Health Act (MIOSHA), the Asbestos Workers Accreditation Act, and the MIOSHA Asbestos Construction Standard. Some of the requirements in these acts and standards include work practices, training, and project notification. DLARA also licenses those who train asbestos removal workers about the regulations. For more information about the DLARA Asbestos Program, see the "Where to Get Additional Information" section on page 10.

Michigan Department of State Police (MSP)

The Hazardous Materials and Investigations Unit of the MSP is responsible for enforcing the U.S. Department of Transportation's (U.S.DOT) regulations regarding shipping and transporting of packaged materials by highway. Asbestos, transported for disposal as a hazardous material, is regulated under 49 CFR Parts 100-185. For more information, refer to the "Where to Get Additional Information" section on page 10.

ASBESTOS NESHAP APPLICABILITY

To determine applicability to the Asbestos NESHAP, three questions must be answered:

- Is the facility regulated by the NESHAP?
- Is the activity a demolition or a renovation?
- Does the amount of regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM) meet or exceed the thresholds?

Is the Facility Regulated by the Asbestos NESHAP?

A **facility** subject to the NESHAP can be any institutional, commercial, or industrial structure, **installation**, or building. Examples include, but are not limited to:

✓ Bridges;
✓ Tunnels;
✓ Docked ships;
✓ Military installations, including dependent housing;
✓ Chemical/power plant installations;
✓ Indoor shopping malls;
✓ School buildings in a school district;

- ✓ Apartment buildings containing five or more dwelling units;
- ✓ Certain condominiums, cooperatives, and lofts;

✓ Post office buildings;

✓ Dwellings which are part of an urban renewal project, highway construction, shopping mall, or other private development (which are not privately owned and held);

- ✓ Groups of residential buildings under control of the same owner/operator and part of the same renovation/demolition project (even if the buildings are not proximate to each other);
- ✓ Amusement parks or state fairgrounds;
- ✓ Jails or prisons;
- ✓ Nursing homes or homes for disabled persons;
- ✓ Parking garages;
- ✓ Farms;
- ✓ Churches, monasteries, convents, or rectories; and
- ✓ Residential dwellings intentionally burned for fire training, etc.

Some examples of facilities not subject to the Asbestos NESHAP include:

- ✓ Privately owned homes, not demolished for urban renewal or as part of a public or commercial project;
- ✓ Privately-owned, multi-dwelling units with four or less dwelling units; and
- ✓ Mobile sources.

Is the Activity a Demolition or a Renovation?

A **demolition** is the wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting **structural member** of a facility together with any related handling operations or the intentional burning of any facility. A **renovation** is altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the **stripping** or **removal** of RACM from a facility component (excluding operations in which load-supporting structural members are wrecked or taken out). Table 1 lists some examples of demolition and renovation activities.

Table 1. Examples of Demolition and Renovation Activities

Demolition	Renovation
The wrecking or taking out of any load- supporting structural member or the intentional burning of any facility.	Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of RACM from a facility component, but excluding operations in which load-supporting structural members are wrecked or taken out.
 Wrecking or taking out building Beams or load-supporting walls; Removing the structural steel Supports of outdoor pipe racks; Intentional burning, including intentional burning for fire training (this includes privately-owned, single-family dwellings); Wrecking or tearing down a portion of a structure that is load-supporting; or Renovating or remodeling a facility that includes wrecking or removing a load-supporting wall or component, etc. 	 Scraping asbestos insulation off a ceiling; Removing a boiler covered with friable asbestos from a building; Removing pipe covered with friable asbestos from a pipe rack; Gross removal of boiler asbestos insulation; Glove bag stripping of asbestos pipe wrap; Drilling through asbestos ceiling plaster to build a dropped ceiling; Removing soundproofing, ceiling tiles, or plaster containing asbestos; Removing vinyl asbestos floor tile or any asbestos-containing material that is normally nonfriable that is in poor condition (cracking, peeling, or showing other signs of deterioration). For example, it can be crumbled or pulverized by hand pressure; or Activities that will render nonfriable material friable, such as grinding, sanding, crumbling, pulverizing, sawing, or other abrasive action, etc.

When Must an Asbestos Inspection and Detection Survey Be Completed?

The Asbestos NESHAP requires that a thorough inspection be conducted for all renovations and all demolitions. All inspections must be completed before the commencement of a subject renovation and/or demolition activity, and the contractor performing the inspection must be listed on the joint DEQ/DLARA "Notification of Intent to Renovate/Demolish" form. Inspections utilizing just visual examination are not acceptable unless the building is primarily steel and concrete materials or no materials in the building are likely to contain asbestos. Both contractors and their legal representatives, as well as owners and their legal representatives, are fully responsible for fulfilling the Asbestos NESHAP inspection requirements.

Although the Asbestos NESHAP does not specifically state that the person who does the inspection and conducts the site survey be trained in recognizing potential asbestos-containing material, the prerequisite of a trained survey inspector still may be a requirement under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Asbestos Standards. The federal OSHA Asbestos Standard for Construction (29 CFR 1926.1101) and the OSHA Asbestos Standard for General Industry (29 CFR 1910.1001) are administered by the DLARA's, MIOSHA program. Each standard requires that all **public and commercial buildings** constructed prior to 1981, where employees may enter, work, or contact building materials, must be inspected for **asbestos-containing materials (ACM)**. This includes any houses, garages, apartments, etc. where employees work and may disturb asbestos. Additionally, all such vacant buildings scheduled for renovation or demolition must have an asbestos building survey completed prior to the start of the work.

Inspections under the OSHA standards must also adhere to the AHERA inspection protocol and be performed by a Michigan-accredited asbestos building inspector or a Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH). The building survey must document the presence, location, and quantity of <u>all</u> "suspect" ACM. Laboratory analysis information should be a part of the building survey document and be kept by the building owner.

Once an asbestos building survey has confirmed or assumed the presence of ACM, all employees who work around, but do not disturb the ACM (i.e., persons conducting janitorial, building maintenance, and/or housekeeping activities) must receive, at a minimum, asbestos awareness training. Additionally, employees who may disturb ACM (i.e., persons working with any of the mechanical systems that have ACM) are required to have additional asbestos-related training. See the section entitled, "Where to Get Additional Information," for further assistance with the standard's inspection, licensing, and training requirements.

Does the Amount of RACM Meet or Exceed the Thresholds?

Thoroughly inspect the facility for asbestos, including **Category I and Category II nonfriable asbestos-containing material (ACM)**. Determine if the combined amount of RACM is at or above the thresholds listed in Table 2. RACM includes:

- ✓ Friable asbestos material:
- ✓ Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable;
- ✓ Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading; or
- ✓ Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material during demolition or renovation.

To determine whether **planned renovation operations** involving individual **nonscheduled renovation operations** are subject, predict the combined additive amount of RACM to be removed during a calendar year of January 1 through December 31.

Table 2. Applicability Thresholds

Location of Asbestos	Threshold Level of RACM
Pipes	80 linear meters (260 linear feet)
Other facility components	15 square meters (160 square feet)
Asbestos that is already off facility components where the length or area could not be measured previously.	1 cubic meter (35 cubic feet)

Any demolition or renovation activity that meets or exceeds the applicability thresholds in Table 2 is subject to all the renovation/demolition requirements of the NESHAP. Demolition activities below the thresholds (even for facilities with no asbestos) are subject to the notification requirement. Figure 1 summarizes the process for determining applicability to the Asbestos NESHAP.

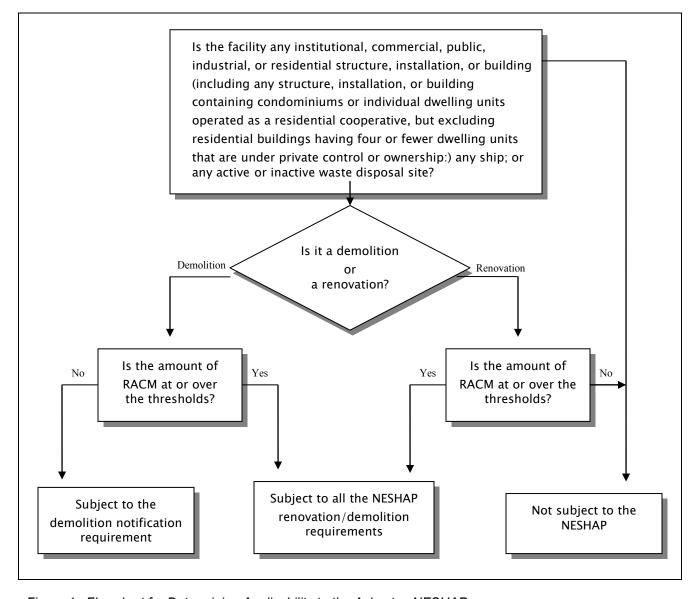


Figure 1. Flowchart for Determining Applicability to the Asbestos NESHAP

Examples of operations that are neither demolitions nor subject renovations and, therefore, not subject to the Asbestos NESHAP include:

- ✓ Renovation below the threshold levels unless it is above the threshold levels cumulatively in a calendar year (notification may be required by DLARA);
- ✓ Removal of nonfriable asbestos-containing material, as long as the material is not in poor condition and it remains nonfriable during all phases of removal, handling, and waste disposal;
- ✓ Asbestos encapsulation (notification may be required by DLARA); and
- ✓ Removal of interior, non-load supporting walls that are not associated with any regulated asbestos-containing material.

ASBESTOS NESHAP ADVANCE NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

An important aspect of the NESHAP is the advance notification requirement, which enables the AQD to ensure that all precautions are being taken to minimize asbestos emissions. Building **owners** or contractors must submit notifications for all subject demolitions and for subject renovations where the amount of RACM meets or exceeds the thresholds. Notifications should be entered online using our online Asbestos Notification System (ANS) found at www.michigan.gov/air under "Asbestos NESHAP Program" at least ten working days prior to beginning regulated demolition or renovation activities. For planned renovation operations involving individual, nonscheduled operations, the notification is required at least ten working days before the beginning of the calendar year for which notice is being given. Notifications must be entered as early as possible, but not later than the following work day for ordered demolitions and for emergency renovation operations. An **emergency renovation operation** means that the renovation operation was not planned but results from a sudden, unexpected event that, if not immediately attended to, presents a safety or public health hazard, is necessary to protect equipment from damage, or is necessary to avoid imposing an unreasonable financial burden.

The notification must include the following information:

- ✓ Date of notification (or date of revision);
- ✓ Type of notification (original, revised, canceled, annual);
- ✓ Type of operation (demolition or renovation);
- ✓ Scheduled starting and completion dates of asbestos removal work;
- ✓ Scheduled starting and completion dates of demolition or renovation;
- ✓ Abatement contractor information;
- ✓ Demolition contractor information (if project is a demolition);
- ✓ Facility owner information;
- ✓ Facility description including location;
- ✓ Disposal site information;
- ✓ Waste transporter information;
- ✓ Ordered demolition information (if project is an ordered demolition);

- ✓ Estimate of amount of RACM to be removed and amount of Category I and Category II nonfriable ACM that will not be removed before demolition;
- ✓ Project description, including surfaces asbestos will be removed from, removal method, and method of demolition;
- ✓ Engineering controls description;
- ✓ Procedure if unexpected asbestos is found;
- ✓ Procedure used to detect asbestos:
- ✓ Emergency renovation information (if project is an emergency renovation); and
- ✓ Certification that at least one trained person will supervise the asbestos stripping and removal.

Michigan's "Notification of Intent to Renovate/Demolish" form should be used to fulfill the notification requirement using the online ANS. For the online link, along with guidelines on how to complete the form, see the "Where to Get Additional Information" section on page 10. U.S. Postal Service, commercial delivery service, or hand delivery (or revisions to notifications) is <u>not</u> recommended. Telefaxing notifications is not acceptable. It is not necessary to send copies of NESHAP notifications to the U.S. EPA for renovation or demolition activities in Michigan.

· Revising a Notification

A revised notification should be sent any time there is a change in any of the required information previously submitted. The NESHAP specifically requires a <u>revision</u> if the amount of asbestos reported changes by 20% (either a decreased amount or an increased amount). An increased amount refers to additional asbestos unexpectedly found while working on the specific project covered in the notification. If the scope of the project increases, a <u>new</u> notification is required. For example, removing asbestos from an area of the building not covered by the original notification would be considered a change in project scope.

Revising Project Dates

If the project will begin on a date <u>later</u> than the date in the original notice (or latest revision), revise the notification <u>no later than</u> the previously scheduled start date. If the project will start <u>earlier</u> than the original start date (or latest revision), provide the new start date at least ten working days before beginning the project. **Under no circumstances shall a NESHAP project begin on a date other than the date in the notification (or the latest revised notification).**

If a project will be postponed indefinitely and a new start date cannot be predicted immediately submit a revised notification canceling the project. If the project is rescheduled, a new notification must be submitted at least ten working days prior to beginning the project. It is unacceptable to indefinitely postpone a project and then submit a revised start date less than ten working days before the project is to begin.

WORK PRACTICE STANDARDS

For a demolition project, the RACM is <u>not</u> required to be removed or stripped if any of the following criteria are met:

- ✓ It is Category I nonfriable ACM that is not in poor condition, is not friable, and a licensed asbestos abatement contractor is made available at the demolition site.
- ✓ It is on a facility component that is encased in concrete or other similarly hard material and is adequately wet whenever exposed during demolition.
- ✓ It was not accessible for testing and, therefore, was not discovered until after the demolition

began and as a result of the demolition cannot be safely removed.

- ✓ It is Category II nonfriable ACM with low probability of becoming crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder during demolition.
- ✓ For large facility components (reactor vessels, large tanks, steam generators, etc. but not beams): the component is removed, transported, stored, disposed of, or reused without disturbing or damaging the RACM; the component is encased in a leak-tight wrapping; and the leak-tight wrapping is properly labeled during loading, unloading, and storage.

If a facility is demolished by intentional burning (e.g., fire training), all ACM including Category I and Category II nonfriable ACM is regulated and must be removed before burning.

Remove all RACM from a facility being demolished or renovated before any activity begins that would break up, dislodge, or similarly disturb the material. When stripping asbestos from a facility component while it remains in place in the facility, **adequately wet** the asbestos. After a facility component that is covered with asbestos is taken out of a facility, it shall be stripped or contained in leak-tight wrapping. When stripping, adequately wet the component or use a local exhaust ventilation and collection system designed and operated to capture the particulate asbestos material.

The following requirements must be followed for RACM, including material that has been removed or stripped:

- ✓ Adequately wet the material and ensure that it remains adequately wet until collected and contained or treated in preparation for disposal;
- ✓ Carefully lower the material to the ground and floor, not dropping, throwing, sliding, or otherwise damaging or disturbing the material; and
- ✓ Transport the material to the ground via leak-tight chutes or containers if it has been removed or stripped more than 50 feet above ground level and was not removed as units or in sections.

There are two situations for which the requirement for adequately wetting the material does not apply. The first case is when the temperature at the point of wetting is below 32° F. The temperature must be recorded at the beginning, middle, and end of each work day; and these records must be kept for two years. The second situation involves renovation operations where wetting would unavoidably damage equipment or present a safety hazard. For these operations, written approval must be obtained from DEQ (submit a request for a waiver for not wetting in writing to DEQ [address listed in "Where to Get Additional Information" section on page 10]), and the following emission control methods must be used:

- (1) A local exhaust ventilation and collection system designed and operated to capture the particulate asbestos material;
- (2) A glove-bag system designed and operated to contain the particulate asbestos material; and
- (3) Leak-tight wrapping to contain all RACM prior to dismantlement.

WASTE DISPOSAL

The Asbestos NESHAP specifies that no **visible emissions** can be discharged to the outside air from the collection, processing, transport, and disposal of **asbestos-containing waste materials**. After wetting, seal all asbestos-containing waste material in leak-tight containers. If the waste will not fit into containers, it must be placed in leak-tight wrapping. Label the containers or wrapped materials being taken away from the facility using warning labels specified by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the U.S. DOT. The label should include the name of the **waste generator** and the location at which the waste was generated. Asbestos-containing waste materials must be deposited as soon as practical to an appropriate waste disposal site. Vehicles used to transport asbestos-containing waste materials must be marked during the loading and unloading of waste. U.S. DOT regulations require the proper identification number of "NA2212" be placed on shipping papers and package marking.

Waste shipment records must be maintained by the owner or operator of a demolition/renovation operation. The following information is required on waste shipment records:

- ✓ Generator name, address, and telephone:
- ✓ Asbestos NESHAP program agency name and address;
- ✓ Quantity of asbestos-containing waste materials (cubic meters or cubic yards);
- ✓ A monitored emergency response telephone number for a person who is knowledgeable of the hazardous material being shipped and has comprehensive emergency response and incident mitigation information, or who has immediate access to a person with such knowledge;
- ✓ Waste disposal site operator name and telephone;
- ✓ Disposal site name and physical location;
- ✓ Transport date;
- ✓ Transporter name, address, and telephone; and
- ✓ Certification.

Provide a copy of the waste shipment record to the disposal site owner or operator at the time of delivery. If a copy of the waste shipment record signed by the owner or operator of the waste disposal site is not received by the waste generator within 35 days, contact the transporter and disposal site to determine the status of the waste shipment. Notify the AQD in writing if a signed waste shipment record is not received from the waste disposal site within 45 days. Keep a copy of all waste shipment records, including the signed copy, for at least two years.

Under Part 115 of Michigan Public Act 451 of 1994, as amended, administered by DEQ, all asbestos-containing material regulated by any state or federal regulations must be disposed of at a Type II (municipal solid waste) landfill. Asbestos-containing material that is nonfriable AND is not in poor condition or will not become friable at any time can be disposed of in a Type III (construction and demolition) landfill. Contact your local DEQ District Office or the Environmental Assistance Center (800-662-9278) if you have waste disposal questions.

TRAINING

Training is required by three different federal and state agencies when it comes to the handling of asbestos, its removal, and the transportation of the material as a hazardous waste. The Asbestos NESHAP requires at least one trained supervisor to be present when asbestos-containing material is stripped, removed, disturbed, or otherwise handled. Evidence of this training must be posted and made available for inspection at the demolition or renovation site. In addition to training supervisors, the DLARA requires that asbestos workers receive training. For a list of certified trainers and/or for more information about DLARA training requirements, contact the DLARA Asbestos Program at 517-284-7680 or visit their website at www.michigan.gov/asbestos. Finally, Hazmat employers are required to certify and document that Hazmat employees (as defined in 49 CFR 171.8) receive training in accordance with 49 CFR Part 172, Subpart H and Part 177. The training requirements would apply to any employee that transports asbestos, offers asbestos for transportation, prepares asbestos for transportation, or certifies a shipping paper or manifest for transportation. U.S. DOT training requirements cover such topics as general awareness/familiarization with 49 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter C; function-specific training for employees; safety methods and emergency response procedures; and security awareness training for risks associated with the transport of hazardous materials.

WHY COMPLY WITH THE ASBESTOS NESHAP

Compliance with the Asbestos NESHAP will reduce the public's and workers' exposure to asbestos and will keep facility owners and contractors operating within the law. Non-compliance with the NESHAP is a significant violation. The AQD attempts to reach a settlement with the owner and operator when violations of the Asbestos NESHAP occur. If a settlement acceptable to the U.S. EPA is not reached in a timely manner, the U.S. EPA may pursue enforcement action at the federal level. The U.S. EPA may decide to pursue an escalated enforcement action on its own. Violations of the NESHAP notification and work practice requirements may result in written warnings, administrative orders, civil penalties and/or criminal charges. Typically, violations are resolved with a consent order requiring the facility to pay a penalty and to comply with the regulations for all future demolitions or renovations. Some owners and operators who have knowingly violated the Asbestos NESHAP have been sentenced to prison terms.

WHERE TO GET ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information about asbestos is available on the Internet through the U.S. EPA's homepage (www2.epa.gov/asbestos). In addition, the Asbestos NESHAP notification form, guidelines for completing the form and regulations are located at www.michigan.gov/air. Select "Asbestos NESHAP Program". Questions about the federal OSHA standards or the state's asbestos compliance and training requirements can be obtained by visiting the DLARA Asbestos Program's web site at www.michigan.gov/asbestos. Questions related to the transportation of asbestos can be addressed by the U.S. Department of Transportation's (U.S. DOT) Hazmat Information Center at 800-467-4922. You can also visit the U.S. DOT, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration's web site at http://hazmat.dot.gov.

Government Agency Contacts:

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

Air Quality Division – NESHAP Asbestos Program PO Box 30260
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7760

Notifications & General Asbestos Questions: 517-284-6777

Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs

MIOSHA Asbestos Program PO Box 30671 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8171

Main Line & General Asbestos Questions: 517-284-7680 Accreditation, Training, Contractor Licensing: 517-284-7698

Notifications: 517-284-7699

Michigan State Police

Commercial Vehicle Enforcement Division Hazardous Materials Unit PO Box 30634 Lansing, Michigan 48913-0635 517-241-0551

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Asbestos Program 77 W. Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Asbestos Hotline: 1-800-368-5888 Environmental Hotline: 1-800-621-8431

ACRONYMS

ACM Asbestos-Containing Material

AQD Air Quality Division

CAA Clean Air Act

C&E Compliance and Enforcement

DEQ Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

DLARA...... Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs NESHAP...... National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

OSHA...... Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PLM Polarized Light Microscopy

RACM Regulated Asbestos-Containing Material U.S. DOT......U.S. Department of Transportation U.S. EPA....... U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

DEFINITIONS

This section contains a list of definitions from the Asbestos NESHAP. Not all of these terms are used in this fact sheet.

Active waste disposal site: Any disposal site other than an inactive site.

Adequately wet: Sufficiently mix or penetrate with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from asbestos-containing material, then that material has not been adequately wetted. However, the absence of visible emissions is not sufficient evidence of being adequately wet.

Asbestos: The asbestiform varieties of serpentinite (chrysotile), riebeckite (crocidolite), cummingtonite-grunerite, anthophylite, and actinolite-tremolite.

Asbestos-containing materials: Any materials containing more than 1% asbestos.

Asbestos-containing waste materials: Mill tailings or any waste that contains commercial asbestos and is generated by a source subject to the Asbestos NESHAP. This includes filters from control devices, friable asbestos waste material, and bags or other similar packaging contaminated with commercial asbestos. As applied to demolition and renovation operations, this term also includes regulated asbestos-containing material waste and materials contaminated with asbestos including disposable equipment and clothing.

Asbestos mill: Any facility engaged in converting, or in any intermediate step in converting, asbestos ore into commercial asbestos. Outside storage of asbestos material is not considered a part of the asbestos mill.

Asbestos tailings: Any solid waste that contains asbestos and is a product of asbestos mining or milling operations.

Asbestos waste from control devices: Any waste material that contains asbestos and is collected by a pollution control device.

Category I nonfriable asbestos-containing material (ACM): Asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, resilient floor covering, and asphalt roofing products containing more than 1% asbestos as determined using Polarized Light Microscopy.

Category II nonfriable ACM: Any material, excluding Category I nonfriable ACM, containing more than 1% asbestos as determined using Polarized Light Microscopy that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Commercial asbestos: Any material containing asbestos that is extracted form ore and has value because of its asbestos content.

Cutting: To penetrate with a sharp-edged instrument and includes sawing, but does not include shearing, slicing, or punching.

Demolition: The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member of a facility together with any related handling operations or the intentional burning of any facility.

Emergency renovation operation: A renovation operation that was not planned but results from a sudden, unexpected event that, if not immediately attended to, presents a safety or public health hazard, is necessary to protect equipment from damage, or is necessary to avoid imposing an unreasonable financial burden. This term includes operations necessitated by nonroutine failures of equipment.

Fabricating: Any processing (e.g., cutting, sawing, drilling) of a manufactured product that contains commercial asbestos, with the exception of processing at temporary sites (field fabricating) for the construction or restoration of facilities. In the case of friction products, fabricating includes bonding, debonding, grinding, sawing, drilling, or other similar operations performed as part of fabricating.

Facility: Any institutional, commercial, public, industrial, or residential structure, installation, or building (including any structure, installation, or building containing condominiums or individual dwelling units operated as a residential cooperative but excluding residential buildings having four or fewer dwelling units); any ship; and any active or inactive waste disposal site. For purposes of this definition, any building, structure, or installation that contains a loft used as a dwelling is not considered a residential structure, installation, or building. Any structure, installation, or building that was previously subject to the Asbestos NESHAP is not excluded, regardless of its current use or function.

Facility component: Any part of a facility including equipment.

Friable asbestos material: Any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined using Polarized Light Microscopy, that when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Fugitive source: Any source of emissions not controlled by an air pollution control device.

Glove bag: A sealed compartment with attached inner gloves used for the handling of asbestos-containing materials. Properly installed and used, glove bags provide a small work area enclosure typically used for small-scale asbestos stripping operations.

Grinding: To reduce to powder or small fragments and includes mechanical chipping or drilling.

Hazmat employee: Means a person who is employed by a hazmat employer and who, in the course of employment, directly affects hazardous materials transportation safety. This term includes an owner-operator of a motor vehicle which transports hazardous materials in commerce. This term includes an individual, including a self-employed individual, employed by a hazmat employer who, during the course of employment:

- 1. Loads, unloads, or handles hazardous materials;
- 2. Manufactures, tests, reconditions, repairs, modifies, marks, or otherwise represents containers, drums, or packagings as qualified for use in the transportation of hazardous materials;
- 3. Prepares hazardous materials for transportation;
- 4. Is responsible for safety of transporting hazardous materials; or
- 5. Operates a vehicle used to transport hazardous materials.

Hazmat employer: Means a person who uses one or more employees in connection with: transporting hazardous materials in commerce; causing hazardous materials to be transported or shipped in commerce; or representing, marking, certifying, selling, offering, manufacturing, reconditioning, testing, repairing, or modifying containers, drums, or packagings as qualified for use in the transportation of hazardous materials. This term includes an owner-operator of a motor

vehicle which transports hazardous materials in commerce. This term also includes any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States, a state, a political subdivision of a state, or an Indian tribe engaged in an activity described in the first sentence of this definition.

In poor condition: The binding or the material is losing its integrity as indicated by peeling, cracking, or crumbling of the material.

Inactive waste disposal site: Any disposal site or portion of it where additional asbestoscontaining waste material has not been deposited within the past year.

Installation: Any building or structure or any group of buildings or structures at a single demolition or renovation site that is under the control of the same owner or operator (or owner or operator under common control).

Leak-tight: Solids or liquids cannot escape or spill out. It also means dust-tight.

Malfunction: Any sudden and unavoidable failure of air pollution control equipment or process equipment or of a process to operate in a normal or usual manner so that emissions of asbestos are increased. Failures of equipment shall not be considered malfunctions if they are caused in any way by poor maintenance, careless operation, or any other preventable upset conditions, equipment breakdown, or process failure.

Manufacturing: The combining of commercial asbestos—or, in the case of woven friction products, the combining of textiles containing commercial asbestos—with any other material(s), including commercial asbestos, and the processing of this combination into a product. Chlorine production is considered a part of manufacturing.

Natural barrier: A natural object that effectively precludes or deters access. Natural barriers include physical objects such as cliffs, lakes or other large bodies of water, deep and wide ravines, and mountains. Remoteness by itself is not a natural barrier.

Nonfriable asbestos-containing material: Any material containing more than 1% asbestos as determined using Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Nonscheduled renovation operation: A renovation operation necessitated by the routine failure of equipment, which is expected to occur within a given period based on past operating experience but for which an exact date cannot be predicted.

Outside air: The air outside buildings and structures, including, but not limited to, the air under a bridge or in an open air ferry dock.

Owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity: Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.

Particulate asbestos material: Finely divided particles of asbestos or material containing asbestos.

Planned renovation operations: A renovation operation, or a number of such operations, in which some RACM will be removed or stripped within a given period of time and that can be predicted. Individual, nonscheduled operations are included if a number of such operations can be predicted to occur during a given period of time based on operating experience.

Regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM): Any all of following: (a) friable asbestos material, (b) Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable, (c) Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading, or (d) Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or renovation operations.

Remove: To take out RACM or facility components that contain or are covered with RACM from any facility.

Renovation: Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of RACM from a facility component. Operations in which load-supporting structural members are wrecked or taken out are demolitions.

Resilient floor covering: Asbestos-containing floor tile, including asphalt and vinyl floor tile and sheet vinyl floor covering containing more than 1% asbestos as determined using Polarized Light Microscopy.

Roadways: Surfaces on which vehicles travel. This term includes public and private highways, roads, streets, parking areas, and driveways.

Strip: To take off RACM from any part of a facility or facility components.

Structural member: Any load-supporting member of a facility, such as beams and load supporting walls, or any nonload-supporting member, such as ceilings and nonload-supporting walls.

Visible emissions: Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from RACM or asbestos-containing waste material, or from any asbestos milling, manufacturing, or fabricating operation. This does not include condensed, uncombined water vapor.

Waste generator: Any owner or operator of a source covered by the Asbestos NESHAP whose act or process produces asbestos-containing waste material.

Waste shipment record: The shipping document, required to be originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.

Working day: Monday through Friday including holidays that fall on any of the days Monday through Friday.

LARA Home

Contact LARA

Online Services

News

MI.gov



LARA / MI OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH ADMINISTRATION / COMPLIANCE / ASBESTOS PROGRAM

Notifications



Contractors performing friable asbestos removal or encapsulation work in Michigan must provide project notifications indicating the starting/ending dates and other job-related information to the Asbestos Program within a specified time frame. The Asbestos Program requires project notification 10 days prior to any non-emergency asbestos abatement project exceeding 10 linear feet or 15 square feet, or both, of friable asbestos-containing materials. A one-percent (1%) project notification fee must also be included. Emergency asbestos abatement projects require notification by phone, fax, or mail prior to starting the projects. Please call for approval and instructions on what can be considered emergency situations.

In Michigan, the Air Quality Division (AQD) of the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) has been delegated to implement the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) program for asbestos. The asbestos NESHAP protects the public and environment by minimizing the release of asbestos fibers during renovation and demolition activities. Advanced notification is required to ensure all precautions are being taken to minimize asbestos emissions. Project notifications may also be required by the DEQ. Please contact DEQ at 517-241-7463 for the NESHAP notification requirements.

Search for a Scheduled Project Notification

Notification Form (doc / pdf)

This Notification Form has been designed to print and mail to the MIOSHA Asbestos Program or DEQ. This form has been developed in Microsoft Word as a template and as a PDF. The information typed on the WORD form can be saved and revised as needed. However, it IS NOT designed to be submitted electronically.

Asbestos Program Home | Contact Us



NOTIFICATION OF INTENT TO RENOVATE/DEMOLISH



MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (MDEQ) AIR QUALITY DIVISION NESHAP, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M

	_			
LICENSIN	AND F	EGUS AT	DRY A	TAIR
CHITTONALI	DOMES	BURN	COT AS	MOST

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS (LARA), ASBESTOS PROGRAM, P.A. 135 OF 1986, AS AMENDED, Section 220 (1-4) or (8)

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
DEQ/LARA USE ONLY		3. ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR: Internal Project #:			
Postmark Date/ Rec'd Date	, ,	Name:			
Emergency Date/ Valid No		Mailing Address:			
		City/State/Zip:			
☐ OK ☐ Send Def Ltr. Date of Def Ltr		E-mail: Phone:			
FOLLOW UP/ Spoke w/					
Comments:		4. DEMOLITION CONTRACTOR: Internal Project #:			
		Name: Mailing Address:			
		City/State/Zip:			
Notification NoTrans No	J	E-mail:			
Treamedien res		Contact: Phone:			
Calculate LARA Asbestos Project Fee: (1	1% Project Fee)	5. FACILITY OWNER: ("Facility" includes Bridges)			
Total Project Cost: x 0.01 =		Name:			
Type of Contractor: License No.:		Mailing Address:			
Licensing Authority:		City/State/Zip:			
1. NOTIFICATION:		E-mail:			
Date of Notification:		Contact: Phone:			
Date of Revision(s):					
Notification Type: ☐ Original ☐ Revised ☐ Canceled	☐ Annual	6. FACILITY DESCRIPTION:			
Mark appropriate boxes: (both DEQ and LARA may app	oly):	Facility Name:			
DEQ (NESHAP) [260 In. ft./160 sq. ft. or more is thresho		If Apt. # of units:			
☐ Planned Renovation – 10 working days notice	,	City/Twp State: Zip Code:			
 ☐ Emergency Renovation ☐ Scheduled Demolition – 10 working days notice 		County: Nearest Crossroad:			
☐ Intentional Burn – 10 working days notice		Size: (sq. ft.) No. of Floors: Floor No.:			
☐ Ordered Demolition LARA (MIOSHA) [Will not accept annual notifications]		Age: Present Use: Prior Use:			
☐ Demo, Reno, Encap. (>10 In. ft./15 sq. ft.) 10 calendar	days notice	Specific Location(s) in Facility:			
☐ Emergency Renovation/Encapsulation					
2. PROJECT SCHEDULE:		7. DISPOSAL SITE:			
START DATE END	DATE	Name:			
* Renovation		Location Address:			
+Asb. Removal		City/State/Zip:			
+Demolition:		8. WASTE TRANSPORTER 1: WASTE TRANSPORTER 2:			
Encapsulation:		Name:			
Work Schedule: Please indicate the anticipated days of	the week and	Address:			
work hours for the purpose of scheduling a compliance insp		City/State/Zip:			
Days of the Week Work	k Hours	Phone:			
Asb. Removal:		ORDERED DEMOLITIONS: (See NESHAP regulations for definition of			
Demolition:		"Ordered Demolition.") A copy of the official Order must accompany this			
Encapsulation:		notification.			
* Includes setup, build enclosure, asbestos removal, demok		Gov't Agency Ordering Demo:			
+Include only those dates you are conducting asbestos ren	noval/demo.	Name/Title of Person Signing Order:			
☐ Check here if this is a multi-phased project, attach a sch	nedule showing				
the start/end date of each phase.		Date of Order: Date Ordered to Begin:			
10. IS ASBESTOS PRESENT? Yes No	☐ To be remove:	ved prior to demolition			
	_ 10 be lemoved	Non-friable ACM <u>not</u>			
Estimate the amount of asbestos: Include RACM	RACM to be	RACM to be removed prior to demo.			
(Regulated Asbestos Containing Material) to be removed, encapsulated, etc. Also include the amount	Removed	Encapsulated Category I Category II Units of Measure Ln. Ft. Ln. M.			
and type (floor tile, roofing, etc.) of non-friable Category					
I and/or Category II ACM that <u>will not</u> be removed prior to demolition. (NOTE: In a demolition, cementatious		□ Sq. Ft. □ Sq. M. □ Cu. Ft.* □ Cu.M.*			
ACM cannot remain in a structure, as it is likely to	<u> </u>				
		ft./meters) should be used only if unable to measure by linear/square measure			
n <u>musi</u> de removeu phoi lo demonitoli.)	(ovample: ashest	etos has fallon off of surface)			

(example: asbestos has fallen off of surface).

NOTIFICATION OF INTENT TO RENOVATE/DEMOLISH (continued)

11.	PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Complete A) for Renovation (asbestos remo	val/encapsulation) and/or B) for Demolition :			
	A) RENOVATION: Mark all surfaces/types of RACM to be removed: Piping	Encapsulation (for LARA): Mark surfaces/types to be encapsulated: ☐ Piping ☐ Fittings ☐ Boiler(s) ☐ Tank(s) ☐ Beam(s) ☐ Duct(s) ☐ Tunnel(s) ☐ Ceiling Tile(s) ☐ Other (describe) the surface (example: glove bag, scrape with hand tools, cut in sections and			
		c., and indicate if complete or partial. If partial, describe which part of facility			
12.	ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Describe work practices and engineering of until proper disposal:	controls used to prevent visible emissions before, during, and after removal, and			
13.		n the event that unexpected RACM is found or previously non-friable asbestos fore regulated:			
14.	1. PROCEDURE(S) USED TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF ASBESTOS: A) Indicate how you determined whether or not asbestos is in the facility. If analytical sampling was used, describe method of analysis. (The determination of the presence or absence of asbestos must be made prior to submitting a renovation/demolition notification.):				
	B) Name, address, and phone number of company performing asbestos s	urvey:			
	C) Name, accreditation number of inspector, and date of inspection:				
15.	EMERGENCY RENOVATIONS: Date/time of emergency:	Describe the sudden, unexpected event:			
	Explain how the event caused unsafe conditions, and/or would cause equi	pment damage and/or an unreasonable financial burden:			
16.	6. I certify that an individual trained in the provisions of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, will be on-site during the renovation and during demolition involving RACM above the threshold and/or during an ordered demolition. Evidence that this person has completed the required training will be available for inspection at the renovation or demolition site.				
	Signature of Owner or Abatement Contractor Date	Signature of Owner or Demolition Contractor Date			
17.	Signature Requirements for Projects with Negative Preserved Per Section 221(1)(2) of P.A. 135 of 1986, as amended, clearance allinear feet/15 square feet or more of friable material which is performance been advised by the contractor of my responsibility under Act 1	ssure Enclosures: (required by LARA) r monitoring is required for any asbestos abatement project involving 10 med within a negative pressure enclosure. I (the building owner or lessee) 35 to have clearance air monitoring performed on this project.			
	NOTE: It is not mandatory that a signed copy be sent to LARA unless request and made part of your records before the project begins.	Signature of Asbestos Abatement Contractor Representative Date ted. For affected projects, this section of the notification form must be completed, signed,			
18.	I certify that the above information is correct:				
	Printed Name of Owner/Operator Date	Signature of Owner/Operator Date			
MA	ILING ADDRESSES/PHONE NUMBERS: (See Item 1 to determine v	which agency requirements/regulations are applicable to your project.)			
mail	Public Act 135 of 1986, as amended, Section 220 (1-4) or (8), I to address below. For more info visit: ://www.michigan.gov/asbestos	For NESHAP Demolitions/Renovations, 40 CFR, Part 61, Subpart M, please use the e-submittal process. For more information visit http://www.michigan.gov/air , under Air Links click on Asbestos NESHAP Program.			
LAF P.O	DSHA Asbestos Program RA, CSHD D. Box 30671 Ising, MI 48909-8171	NESHAP Asbestos Program DEQ, AQD P.O. Box 30260 Lansing, MI 48909-7760			
	517.284.6777 (Office) 17.284.7699 (office), 517.284.7700 (fax)				

EQP5661 (rev. 03/14) MIOSHA-CSH 142 (rev. 08/15)

Pre-Demolition Environmental Inspection Procedures

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INSPECTION

Functional Spaces and dimensions are listed on **Table 1**. If obtained, representative photographs of for the above referenced property are included in **Attachment: Site Photographs**.

ASBESTOS CONTAINING BUILDING MATERIAL INSPECTION

The property was inspected for the presence of asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) in order to meet the requirements of 40 CFR, Part 61, Subpart M, National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP).

Asbestos Inspection

The property was inspected for the presence of suspected ACMs. Typical building materials that may contain asbestos include drywall, plaster, stucco, floor tiles, roofing felt and shingles, ceiling tiles, insulation, pipe insulation, and duct insulation. Friable materials are defined as materials that when dry may be crumbled or reduced to powder using hand pressure and thus release asbestos fibers. For the purpose of this inspection friable and non-friable materials were identified and sampled.

Sample Collection

At least two samples of each suspected asbestos containing materials identified during the inspection was collected. For surfacing materials (sprayed and/or troweled on) a minimum of three samples were collected for areas that contained less than 1,000 square feet of the materials; five samples were collected for materials 1,000 to 5,000 square feet and seven samples were taken for areas greater than 5,000 square feet. A Michigan Accredited Asbestos Inspector collected representative samples of each suspected ACM. Each sample was placed into a sealed plastic bag and labeled. A description of the material and location of the sample collected was recorded in the field notes. The total quantity of each suspected ACM was estimated and recorded in the field notes.

Pre-Demolition Environmental Inspection Procedures

A listing of suspect ACMs at this property that were sampled and sent to the laboratory for analysis is included in **Table 2**. A copy of a floor plan showing functional space locations is included in **Attachment: Site Drawing**. A copy of the *Notification of Intent to Renovate/Demolish* online form found on the Michigan Business One Stop via http://www.michigan.gov/business. A copy of the MDEQ instruction sheet is included in Attachment: **MDEQ Notification of Intent to Renovate/Demolish**.

Each sample of suspect ACM collected at this property was analyzed for asbestos content using polarized light microscopy (PLM) by a NVLAP and NIST accredited laboratory in accordance with 40 CFR Ch. I (1-1-87 Edition) Part 763, Subpart F, Appendix A, pp. 293-299. Asbestos containing materials are defined as materials that contain greater that one percent (>1%) asbestos. Each sample collected for analysis was delivered via USPS to APEX Research, Inc. 11054 Hi Tech Drive, Whitmore Lake, Michigan. Laboratory results are included in **Attachment:** Laboratory Analytical Results.

LIMITATIONS

Limitations to this assessment include interior and exterior building finishes, poor lighting conditions, fire and structural damage in some instances, construction and household debris and flooded basements.

SIGNATURE

This report was prepared based on the site conditions that existed at the time the inspection, sample collection, and the laboratory analytical results.

Prepared by: _

John Wilhelmi, Michigan Certified Asbestos Inspector

GLT Wiell.

Michigan Accreditation Number A40134

John a. Chacon Jr.

Reviewed by:

John A. Chacon, Jr.

President